



The following Communications have been judged by at least two referees to be “very important papers” and will be published online at [www.angewandte.org](http://www.angewandte.org) soon:

A. C. Stelzer, J. D. Kratz, Qi Zhang, H. M. Al-Hashimi\*  
**RNA Dynamics by Design: Biasing Ensemble towards Ligand Bound States**

Z. Zhang, Z. Wang, R. Zhang, K. Ding\*  
**Extremely Efficient Titanium Catalyst for the Enantioselective Cyanation of Aldehydes Using Cooperative Catalysis**

Q. Wang, M. Zhang, C. Chen, W. Ma, J. Zhao\*  
**Photocatalytic Aerobic Oxidation of Alcohols on TiO<sub>2</sub>: The Acceleration Effect of Brønsted Acids**

Y. Fu, Q. Dai, W. Zhang, J. Ren, T. Pan,\* C. He\*  
**AlkB Domain of Mammalian ABH8 Catalyzes Hydroxylation of 5-Methoxycarbonylmethyluridine at the Wobble Position of tRNA**

H. Braunschweig,\* K. Radacki, A. Schneider  
**Cyclodimerization of an Oxoboryl Complex Induced by trans-Ligand Abstraction**

C. Apostolidis, B. Schimmelpfennig, N. Magnani, P. Lindqvist-Reis,\* O. Walter, R. Sykora, A. Morgenstern, E. Colineau, R. Caciuffo, R. Klenze, R. G. Haire, J. Rebizant, F. Bruchertseifer, T. Fanghanel  
**[An(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>](CF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (An=U–Cm, Cf): Exploring Their Stability, Structural Chemistry, and Magnetic Behavior by Experiment and Theory**

S. Rizzato, J. Bergès, S. A. Mason, A. Albinati, J. Kozelka\*  
**Dispersion-Driven Hydrogen Bonding: Theoretically Predicted H–bond between H<sub>2</sub>O and Platinum(II) Identified by Neutron Diffraction**

D. R. Dreyer, H. Jia, C. W. Bielawski\*  
**Graphene Oxide: A Convenient Carbocatalyst for Facilitating Oxidation and Hydration Reactions**

H. Amouri,\* J. Moussa, A. K. Renfrew, P. J. Dyson, M. N. Rager, L.-M. Chamoreau  
**Metal Complex of Diselenobenzoquinone : Discovery, Structure, and Anticancer Activity**



„My favorite subjects at school were chemistry and mathematics.  
 If I could have dinner with three famous scientists from history, they would be Marie Curie, Louis Pasteur, and Alfred Werner ...”  
 This and more about Kim Renée Dunbar can be found on page 5408.

## Author Profile

Kim Renée Dunbar \_\_\_\_\_ 5408

On Solar Hydrogen & Nanotechnology

Lionel Vayssieres

## Books

reviewed by T. Nann \_\_\_\_\_ 5409



**How spiders enmesh their prey:** The NMR spectroscopic determination of the C-terminal non-repeat domain of *Araneus diadematus* fibroin 3 (ADF-3), a spider silk protein, was recently reported. At the same time, the X-ray structure determination of the N-terminal non-repeat domain was reported. Both structures provide key insights into fiber formation upon shear stress and pH changes, including the templating effect on fiber morphology.

## Highlights

### Spider Silk

R. Silvers, F. Buhr,  
 H. Schwalbe\* \_\_\_\_\_ 5410–5412

The Molecular Mechanism of Spider-Silk Formation

## Fenton Polishing

G. Z. Chen\* ————— 5413 – 5415

A Golden Episode Continues Fenton's Colorful Story

**Stimulating new studies** using Fenton's reagent to selectively dissolve asperities and hence knock out catalytic sites on the surface of gold, may present unknown fundamental and applied opportunities; for example, modification of the surfaces of micro- and nanoparticles of gold and other metals to enhance catalytic activity, thereby making the process more affordable (see figure).



## Minireviews

### IR Spectroscopy on Biomolecules

K. Ataka, T. Kottke,  
J. Heberle\* ————— 5416 – 5424

Thinner, Smaller, Faster: IR Techniques To Probe the Functionality of Biological and Biomimetic Systems

**Good vibes:** Novel spectroscopic methodologies have been devised for the analysis of biomolecules. Recent developments in vibrational spectroscopy meet the need to measure in thinner (single monolayers), smaller (single molecules), and faster (femtoseconds) regimes. In this Minireview applications of surface techniques such as SEIRAS, SFG, and SNIM, and ultrafast techniques such as time-resolved 1D and 2D IR are described.

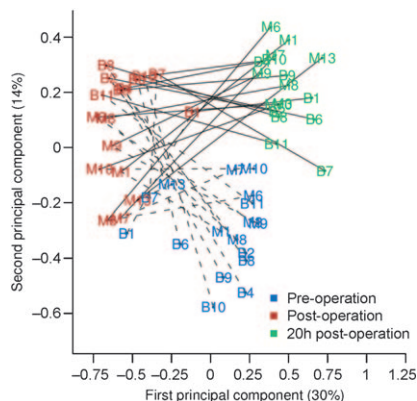


## Reviews

### Metabolites as Biomarkers

W. J. Griffiths, T. Koal, Y. Wang, M. Kohl,  
D. P. Enot, H.-P. Deigner\* — 5426 – 5445

Targeted Metabolomics for Biomarker Discovery



**An indication of interest:** In metabolomics, questions from the areas of patho-biochemistry, systems biology, medicine, and molecular diagnostics can be addressed by using analytical chemistry and statistical data analysis. The focus of this Review is the identification and qualification of biomarkers as well as the mass spectrometric approach to targeted metabolomics.

**For the USA and Canada:**  
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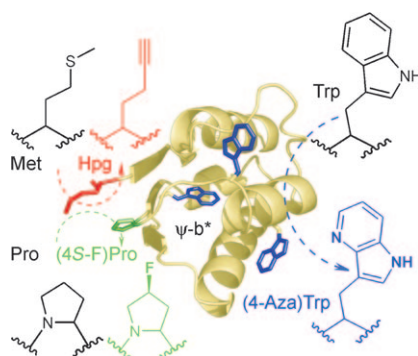
individuals who are personal members of a national chemical society prices are available on request. Postage and handling charges included. All prices are subject to local VAT/sales tax.

## Communications

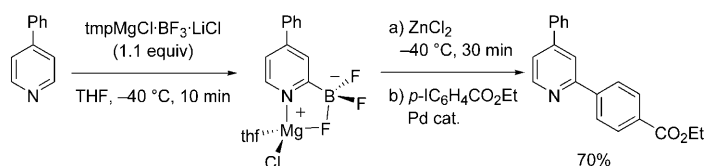
### Engineering the Genetic Code

S. Lepthien, L. Merkel,  
N. Budisa\* 5446–5450

In Vivo Double and Triple Labeling of  
Proteins Using Synthetic Amino Acids



**Three in one:** A new method has been developed for the simultaneous in vivo incorporation of two or three different synthetic amino acids in a protein in a single expression experiment using poly-auxotrophic *Escherichia coli* strains. The picture shows the model protein ψ-b\* used and the synthetic amino acids incorporated.



**Efficient and selective:** Frustrated Lewis pairs based on  $\text{BF}_3\cdot\text{OEt}_2$  and LiCl-complexed tmpMg or tmpZn amides (tmp = 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidyl) allow the efficient and regioselective metalation of various functionalized N heterocycles

(see scheme for examples). Moreover, such metalations carried out in the presence or absence of  $\text{BF}_3\cdot\text{OEt}_2$  enable a complete switch of regioselectivity, thus allowing complementary functionalization.

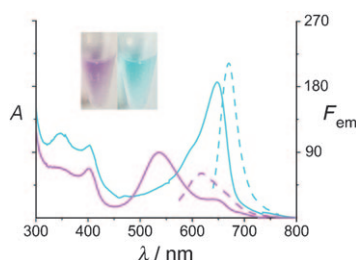
### Frustrated Lewis Pairs

M. Jaric, B. A. Haag, A. Unsinn,  
K. Karaghiosoff,  
P. Knochel\* 5451–5455

Highly Selective Metalations of Pyridines  
and Related Heterocycles Using New  
Frustrated Lewis Pairs or tmp-Zinc and  
tmp-Magnesium Bases with  $\text{BF}_3\cdot\text{OEt}_2$



**Lighting up and changing color:** Genes coding for apoprotein and chromophore biosynthesis from heme were combined in a single fused construct, thereby providing access, in vivo, to biliproteins. Persistently fluorescent biliproteins, as well as red–green photoswitchable biliproteins derived from a cyanobacteriochrome that have well-separated absorption and fluorescence maxima of the two states, were produced in *E. coli*.



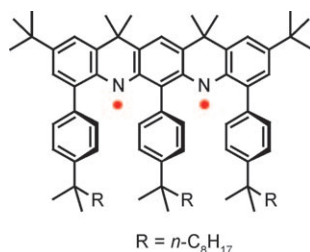
### Photoswitchable Proteins

J. Zhang, X.-J. Wu, Z.-B. Wang, Y. Chen,  
X. Wang, M. Zhou, H. Scheer,  
K.-H. Zhao\* 5456–5458

Fused-Gene Approach to Photoswitchable  
and Fluorescent Biliproteins



**Spin cycle:** A high-spin nitrogen-centered (aminyl) diradical with a triplet ( $S=1$ ) ground state (see picture) has a large singlet-triplet energy gap ( $\Delta E_{\text{ST}}$ ). Effective shielding of the reactive aminyl radical centers provides stability at room temperature and maintains the planarity of the  $\pi$  system required for the triplet ground state and large  $\Delta E_{\text{ST}}$  value. The diradical assembles in solution to form a  $\pi$ -dimer-like structure with weak exchange coupling.



### Reactive Intermediates

P. J. Boratyński, M. Pink, S. Rajca,  
A. Rajca\* 5459–5462

Isolation of the Triplet Ground State  
Aminyl Diradical



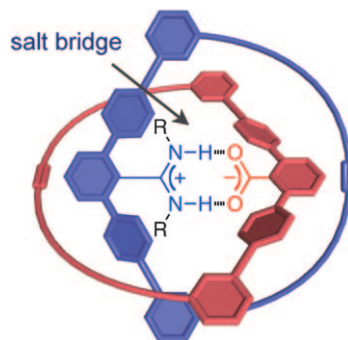


## Supramolecular Chemistry

Y. Nakatani, Y. Furusho,\*  
E. Yashima\* — 5463 – 5467



Amidinium Carboxylate Salt Bridges as a Recognition Motif for Mechanically Interlocked Molecules: Synthesis of an Optically Active [2]Catenane and Control of Its Structure



**Salty catenane:** An optically active [2]catenane was synthesized by utilizing an amidinium carboxylate salt bridge (see picture). The relative motion of the two macrocyclic components was completely controlled by an acid/base or  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ /cryptand couple.

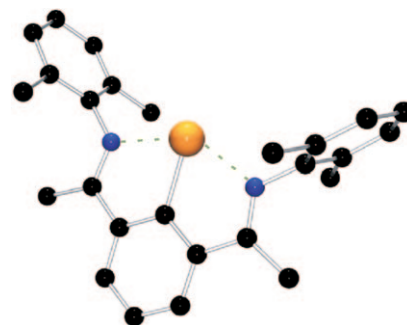
## Main-Group Chemistry

P. Šimon, F. de Proft, R. Jambor,  
A. Růžička, L. Dostál\* — 5468 – 5471



Monomeric Organoantimony(III) and Organobismuth(III) Compounds Stabilized by an NCN Chelating Ligand: Syntheses and Structures

**One on one:** A combination of steric effects and M–N interactions of a rigid NCN pincer ligand allows the isolation and characterization of monomeric stibinidene and bismuthinidene compounds. The structure and bonding was confirmed by crystallographic studies (see picture; Sb or Bi yellow, N blue) and calculations.

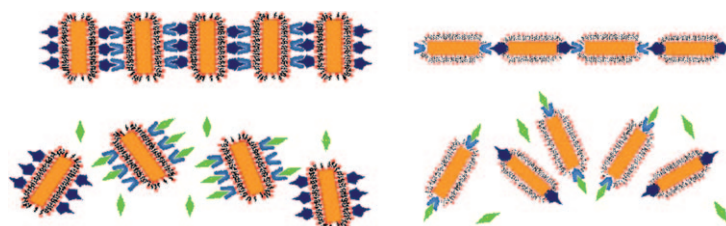


## Nanotechnology

L. Wang, Y. Zhu, L. Xu, W. Chen, H. Kuang,  
L. Liu, A. Agarwal, C. Xu,\*  
N. A. Kotov\* — 5472 – 5475



Side-by-Side and End-to-End Gold Nanorod Assemblies for Environmental Toxin Sensing



**Parallel or angle parked:** Gold nanorods (see picture) were selectively modified either on the sides or ends using complementary microcystin (MC-LR) antibody and antigen (blue). Fast detection of MC-

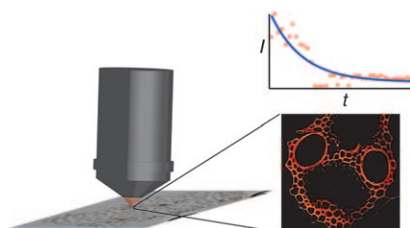
LR (green) was successfully achieved with these assemblies, and both sensitivity and detection ranges were markedly better for the end-to-end motif (right) than the side-to-side variant (left).

## Chemical Imaging

B. G. Saar, Y. Zeng, C. W. Freudiger, Y. Liu,  
M. E. Himmel, X. S. Xie,\*  
S. Ding\* — 5476 – 5479

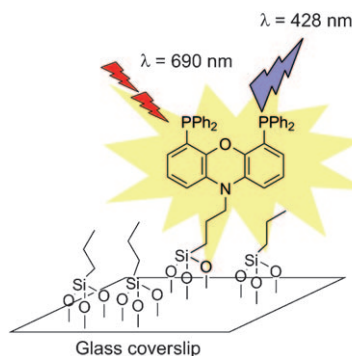


Label-Free, Real-Time Monitoring of Biomass Processing with Stimulated Raman Scattering Microscopy



**Label-free “chemical movies”** of lignin and cellulose in fresh plant tissue were recorded during a step in the breakdown of biomass to produce biofuels by using stimulated Raman scattering microscopy. The technique allows the degradation of lignin in the cell wall to be monitored with high sensitivity, sub-micrometer spatial resolution, and high temporal resolution.

**Spotless catalysts:** Ligand immobilization was studied by two-photon fluorescence microscopy with a fluorescent nixantphos ligand as probe (see picture). In the immobilization process ligand aggregates form in solution and are deposited on the support, where they appear as bright spots in fluorescence images. Preventing their formation leads to “spotless” catalysts with superior catalytic properties.



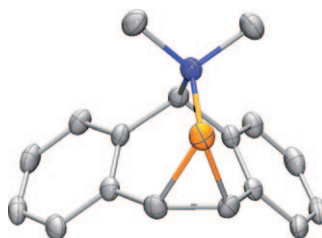
### Rational Catalyst Design

F. Marras, A. M. Kluwer,\*  
J. R. Siekierzycka, A. Vozza, A. M. Brouwer,  
J. N. H. Reek\* — 5480 – 5484

Phosphorus Ligand Imaging with Two-Photon Fluorescence Spectroscopy:  
Towards Rational Catalyst Immobilization



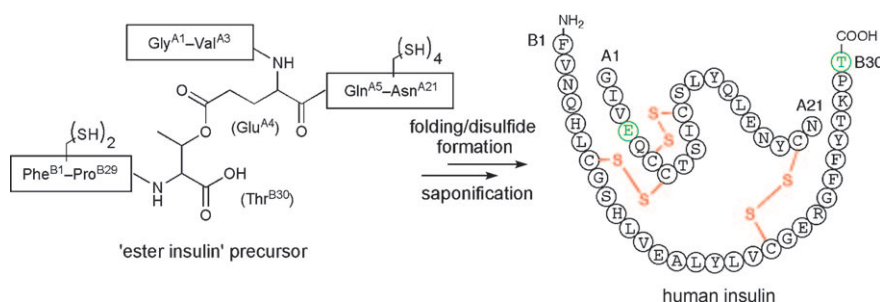
**Charged!** Combining <sup>Me</sup>BABAR-Phos and methyl triflate affords an amino-stabilized phosphiranylium ion (see picture; C gray, N blue, P orange), which undergoes various nucleophilic addition reactions to give P-substituted phosphiranes and an N-heterocyclic carbene stabilized phosphiranylium cation.



### Charged Phosphiranes

H. Jansen, F. B. Läng, J. C. Slootweg,  
A. W. Ehlers, M. Lutz, K. Lammertsma,\*  
H. Grützmacher\* — 5485 – 5488

Synthesis, Structure, and Reactivity of a  
Stabilized Phosphiranylium Salt



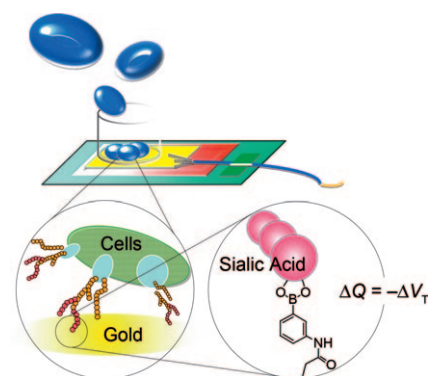
**Insulin folding:** An ester-linked polypeptide proinsulin surrogate folded efficiently with concomitant disulfide bond formation, and saponification gave native insulin having full biological activity. This strategy overcomes the low yield combi-

nation of individual insulin A and B chains, and provides a simple and effective approach to the total chemical synthesis of human insulin and its analogues.

### Protein Folding

Y. Sohma,\* Q.-X. Hua, J. Whittaker,  
M. A. Weiss, S. B. H. Kent\* — 5489 – 5493

Design and Folding of  
[Glu<sup>A4</sup>(O<sup>β</sup>Thr<sup>B30</sup>)]Insulin (“Ester Insulin”):  
A Minimal Proinsulin Surrogate that Can  
Be Chemically Converted into Human  
Insulin



**In a world without labels...** A self-assembled phenylboronic acid monolayer on the surface of a gold electrode enabled the potentiometric detection of cell-membrane sialic acid (SA; see diagram) and differentiation of healthy pneumocytes from metastatic melanoma cells on the basis of altered SA expression. This approach to the diagnosis of tumoral malignancy or the degree of metastasis holds promise for label-free, noninvasive, real-time cytology.

### Carbohydrate Detection

A. Matsumoto, H. Cabral, N. Sato,  
K. Kataoka, Y. Miyahara\* — 5494 – 5497

Assessment of Tumor Metastasis by the  
Direct Determination of Cell-Membrane  
Sialic Acid Expression



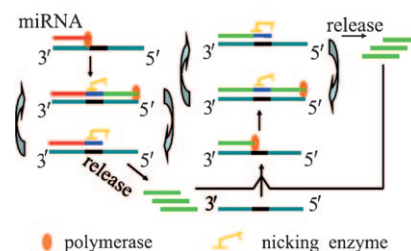
## Biomolecule Detection

H. X. Jia, Z. P. Li,\* C. H. Liu,  
Y. Q. Cheng \_\_\_\_\_ 5498 – 5501



Ultrasensitive Detection of microRNAs by Exponential Isothermal Amplification

**Tiny amounts** of a given miRNA (0.1 zmol) can be detected accurately and quantitatively by a real-time method based on an exponential amplification reaction (see picture). The proposed method has a wide dynamic range of more than 10 orders of magnitude, can be carried out within 30 minutes under isothermal conditions, and requires no modified DNA probes. It clearly discriminates miRNA sequences that differ by one base.



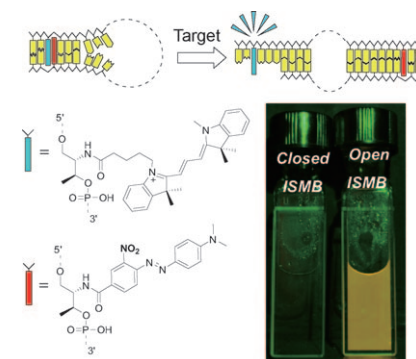
## Coherent Quenching

Y. Hara, T. Fujii, H. Kashida, K. Sekiguchi,  
X. G. Liang, K. Niwa, T. Takase, Y. Yoshida,  
H. Asanuma\* \_\_\_\_\_ 5502 – 5506



Coherent Quenching of a Fluorophore for the Design of a Highly Sensitive In-Stem Molecular Beacon

**Excitonic interaction** was utilized to design a highly sensitive in-stem molecular beacon (ISMB) in which both a fluorophore and a quencher on D-threoninol are incorporated as a pseudo base pair (see scheme; optimized combination with Cy3 and modified Methyl Red). Minimization of the difference between  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  of the fluorophore and quencher maximized quenching efficiency.

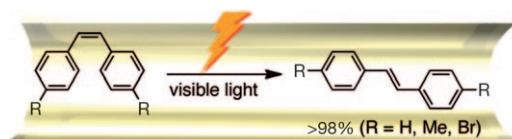


## Photoisomerization

K. Ohara, Y. Inokuma,  
M. Fujita\* \_\_\_\_\_ 5507 – 5509



The Catalytic Z to E Isomerization of Stilbenes in a Photosensitizing Porous Coordination Network



**One way only:** The Z→E photoisomerization of stilbene under visible light occurs within a porous coordination network (see picture). The reaction proceeds through the photoexcitation of a charge-transfer complex between the highly elec-

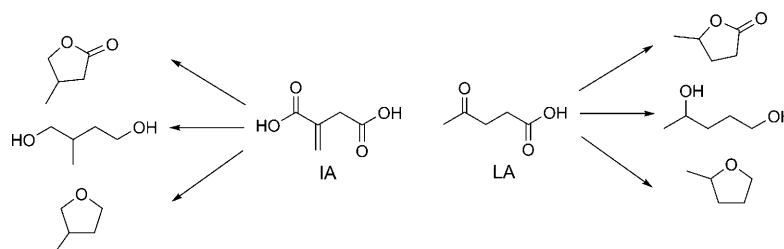
tron-deficient ligand and the stilbene in the pore. The in situ formed E isomer rapidly exchanges with unreacted Z isomer in solution, hence a catalytic amount of the network is sufficient to promote the reaction.

## Biorefinery

F. M. A. Geilen, B. Engendahl,  
A. Harwardt, W. Marquardt,  
J. Klankermayer,\*  
W. Leitner\* \_\_\_\_\_ 5510 – 5514

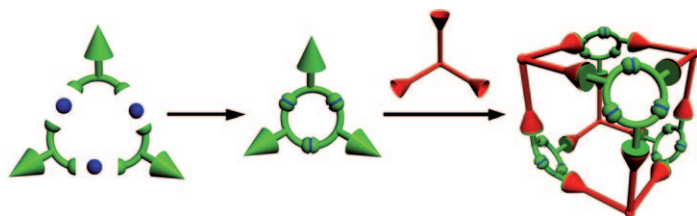


Selective and Flexible Transformation of Biomass-Derived Platform Chemicals by a Multifunctional Catalytic System



**A sustainable supply chain:** The controlled transformation of the biomass-derived platform compounds levulinic acid (LA) and itaconic acid (IA) into the

corresponding lactones, diols, or cyclic ethers (see picture) by using a multifunctional molecular catalyst is described.



**Ru-built cube:** By combining metallasupramolecular chemistry with dynamic covalent chemistry, complex nanostructures can be formed. Large cages are

synthesized by reaction of trinuclear metallamacrocycles containing pendant aldehyde groups (see picture; Ru blue, aldehyde linkers green) with triamines (red).

## Nanostructures

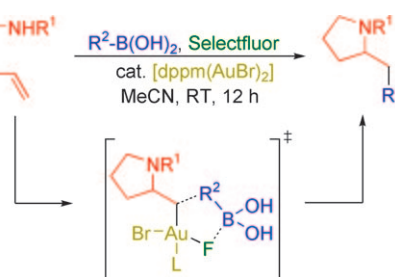
A. Granzhan, T. Riis-Johannessen, R. Scopelliti, K. Severin\* — 5515–5518

Combining Metallasupramolecular Chemistry with Dynamic Covalent Chemistry: Synthesis of Large Molecular Cages



## Gold-locks and the 3 mol% catalyst:

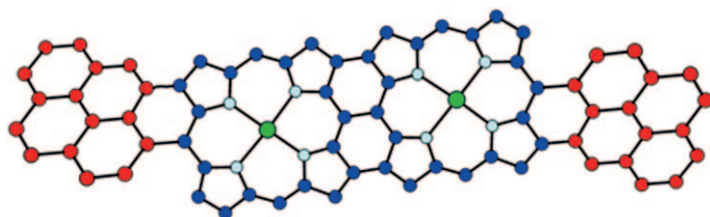
Bimetallic gold bromides allow the room temperature aminoarylation of unactivated terminal olefins with aryl boronic acids using Selectfluor as an oxidant. A catalytic cycle involving gold(I)/gold(III) and a bimolecular reductive elimination for the key C–C bond-forming step is proposed. dpmm = bis(diphenylphosphanyl)methane.



## Gold Catalysis

W. E. Brenzovich, Jr., D. Benitez, A. D. Lackner, H. P. Shunatona, E. Tkatchouk, W. A. Goddard, III, F. D. Toste\* — 5519–5522

Gold-Catalyzed Intramolecular Aminoarylation of Alkenes: C–C Bond Formation through Bimolecular Reductive Elimination



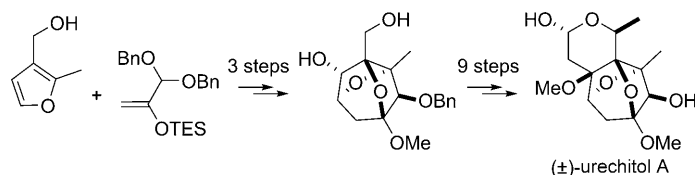
**Sticking together:** Direct fusion of pyrene rings with diporphyrins can be achieved without prior activation of aromatic rings. This simple method gives pyrene–diporphyrin hybrids (see picture, C (pyrene)

red, C (porphyrin) dark blue, N light blue, Zn green) with a high near-infrared (NIR) absorption that reaches the wavelengths required for use in telecommunications.

## Fused-Ring Systems

V. V. Diev, K. Hanson, J. D. Zimmerman, S. R. Forrest, M. E. Thompson\* — 5523–5526

Fused Pyrene–Diporphyrins: Shifting Near-Infrared Absorption to 1.5  $\mu\text{m}$  and Beyond



**I want to ride my tricycle:** Urechitol A was synthesized as a racemate by using a [4+3] cycloaddition reaction and methanol assisted intramolecular epoxide

opening as the key steps for the efficient construction of the core tricyclic framework. The overall yield was 2.3% over 12 steps. Bn = benzyl, TES = triethylsilyl.

## Total Synthesis

T. Sumiya, K. Ishigami, H. Watanabe\* — 5527–5528

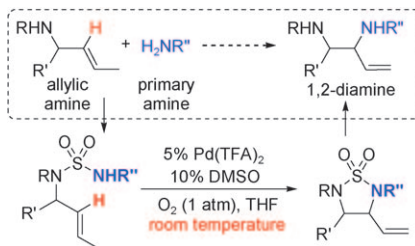
Stereoselective Total Synthesis of (±)-Urechitol A

## Oxidative Amination

R. I. McDonald, S. S. Stahl\* **5529–5532**



Modular Synthesis of 1,2-Diamine Derivatives by Palladium-Catalyzed Aerobic Oxidative Cyclization of Allylic Sulfamides



**Allylic sulfamides** undergo aerobic oxidative cyclization at room temperature, mediated by a  $\text{Pd}(\text{O}_2\text{CCF}_3)_2/\text{DMSO}$  catalyst system in tetrahydrofuran. The cyclic sulfamide products are readily converted into 1,2-diamines, and substrates derived from chiral allylic amines cyclize with very high diastereoselectivity.

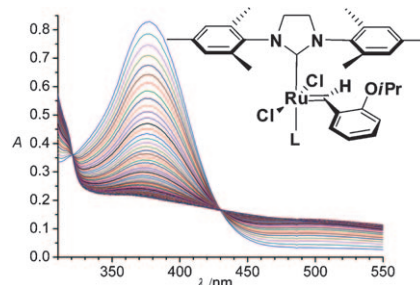
## Homogeneous Catalysis

T. Vorfalt, K.-J. Wannowius, H. Plenio\* **5533–5536**



Probing the Mechanism of Olefin Metathesis in Grubbs–Hoveyda and Grela Type Complexes

**The more the better:** Kinetic data derived from UV/Vis spectroscopy (see picture) provide conclusive evidence for participation of the olefinic substrate in the rate-limiting step of the initiation reaction of Grubbs–Hoveyda type olefin metathesis catalysts, and for a second olefin-independent step, which is rate-limiting only at very high olefin concentrations.

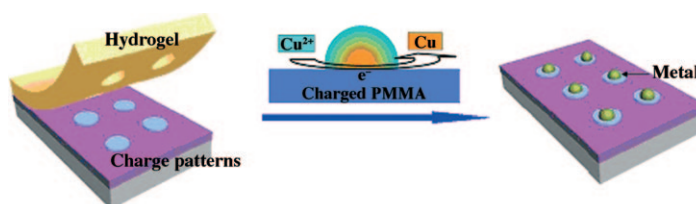


## Electrets

X. Ma, D. Zhao, M. Xue, H. Wang, T. Cao\* **5537–5540**



Selective Discharge of Electrostatic Charges on Electrets Using a Patterned Hydrogel Stamp



**Paint with water:** A topographically patterned agarose hydrogel stamp transfers and prints water onto uniformly charged PMMA electrets for selectively discharging electrostatic charges. The high-resolution

lution electrostatic charge patterns produced by this simple approach can induce the reduction of metal ions and allow the fabrication of micro- and nanoscale metallic arrays.

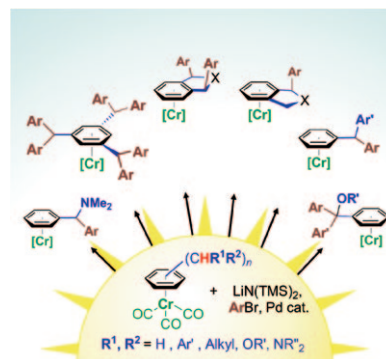
## Polyarylated Methanes

G. I. McGrew, J. Temaismithi, P. J. Carroll, P. J. Walsh\* **5541–5544**

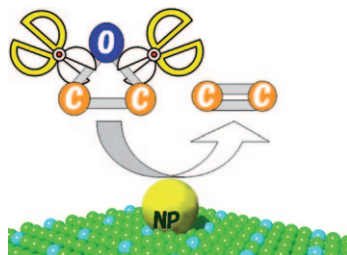


Synthesis of Polyarylated Methanes through Cross-Coupling of Tricarbonylchromium-Activated Benzylolithiums

**Support group:** Coordinated to the tricarbonylchromium fragment, a typically unstable benzylic organolithium can participate directly in cross-coupling reactions with aryl bromides to form polyarylated methane derivatives (see scheme).  $\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_3$  assistance leads to reactivity with a variety of coordinated substrates and—given multiple benzylic sites—can effect up to six coupling events per arene.



**Taking the 'O':** Supported gold and silver nanoparticles (NPs), which are well-known epoxidation catalysts, were found to have intrinsic catalytic ability for the deoxygenation of epoxides into alkenes using alcohol as a reductant (see picture). The selectivity for all the alkenes were over 99%, and an excellent turnover number was achieved. Furthermore, these supported gold and silver nanoparticles were recyclable.

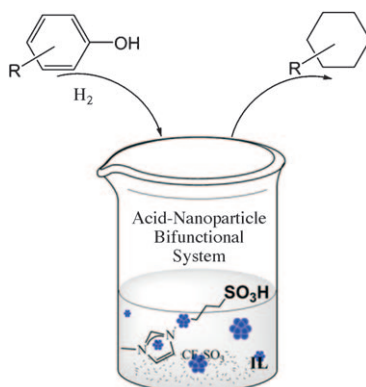


## Heterogeneous Catalysis

T. Mitsudome, A. Noujima, Y. Mikami,  
T. Mizugaki, K. Jitsukawa,  
K. Kaneda\* 5545–5548

Supported Gold and Silver Nanoparticles  
for Catalytic Deoxygenation of Epoxides  
into Alkenes

**Oxy-gone in a tandem:** A catalytic system composed of metal nanoparticles (NPs) and a functionalized Brønsted acidic ionic liquid (IL), both of which are immobilized in a nonfunctionalized IL, is highly efficient in upgrading lignin-derived phenolic compounds into alkanes; the hydrogenation and dehydration reactions take place in tandem.



## Nanoparticle Catalysis

N. Yan, Y. Yuan, R. Dykeman, Y. Kou,\*  
P. J. Dyson\* 5549–5553

Hydrodeoxygenation of Lignin-Derived  
Phenols into Alkanes by Using  
Nanoparticle Catalysts Combined with  
Brønsted Acidic Ionic Liquids



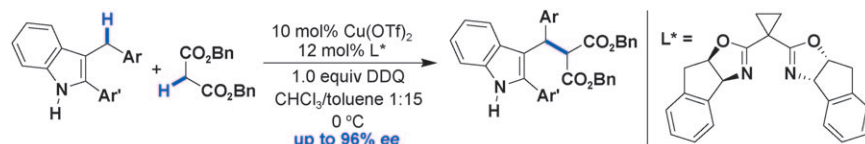
**Discerning in their choice of partner:** The DNA of a self-avoiding molecular-recognition system (SAMRS) binds to natural DNA but not to members of the same SAMRS. Multiplexed PCR with an SAMRS based on 2-aminopurine (A\*), 2-thiothy-

mine (T\*), 2'-hypoxanthine (G\*), and N<sup>4</sup>-ethylcytosine (C\*; see examples) showed the benefits of such systems for clinical analysis, which requires many DNA molecules to interact with target DNA but not with each other.

## Synthetic Biology

S. Hoshika, F. Chen, N. A. Leal,  
S. A. Benner\* 5554–5557

Artificial Genetic Systems: Self-Avoiding  
DNA in PCR and Multiplexed PCR



**A highly enantioselective C–H-activation-**  
based oxidative coupling reaction of 3-  
arylmethylindole derivatives with dibenzyl  
malonate by using chiral Lewis acid  
bonded nucleophiles provided an

approach to indole derivatives (see  
scheme; DDQ = 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-  
1,4-benzoquinone, OTf = trifluorometha-  
nesulfonate).

## C–H Activation

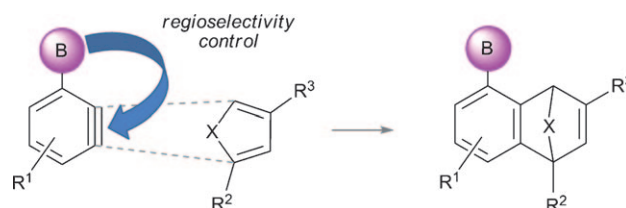
C. Guo, J. Song, S.-W. Luo,  
L.-Z. Gong\* 5558–5562

Enantioselective Oxidative Cross-  
Coupling Reaction of 3-Indolylmethyl C–H  
Bonds with 1,3-Dicarbonyls Using a Chiral  
Lewis Acid-Bonded Nucleophile to  
Control Stereochemistry



## Arynes

T. Ikawa, A. Takagi, Y. Kurita, K. Saito,  
K. Azechi, M. Egi, K. Kakiguchi, Y. Kita,  
S. Akai\* 5563–5566



**B + [4 + 2]:** 3-Borylbenzynes undergo Diels–Alder reactions with substituted furans and pyrroles to give highly functionalized arylboronic acid derivatives

with either good or exclusive regioselectivities (see picture). The effect of the boryl group on the regioselectivity arises from electronic rather than steric effects.



Preparation and Regioselective Diels–Alder Reactions of Borylbenzynes: Synthesis of Functionalized Arylboronates

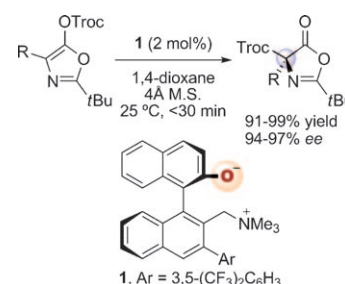
## Nucleophilic Catalysis

D. Uruguchi, K. Koshimoto, S. Miyake,  
T. Ooi\* 5567–5569



Chiral Ammonium Betaines as Ionic Nucleophilic Catalysts

**Catalyst debut:** The chiral ammonium betaine **1** has been successfully applied to the asymmetric Steglich rearrangement as an ionic nucleophilic catalyst. The catalyzed reaction results in record levels of product enantioselectivity, and has a broad substrate scope. M.S. = molecular sieves, Troc = 2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl.



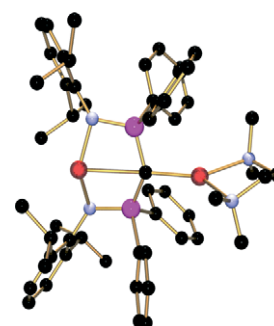
## Planar Four-Coordinate Carbon

O. J. Cooper, A. J. Wooles, J. McMaster,  
W. Lewis, A. J. Blake,  
S. T. Liddle\* 5570–5573



A Monomeric Dilithio Methandiide with a Distorted *trans*-Planar Four-Coordinate Carbon

**It's plain to see:** A monomeric dilithio methandiide features a distorted *trans*-planar four-coordinate carbon atom. The nature of this compound as established by an X-ray diffraction study (see picture: C black, N blue, P magenta, Li red) and supported by calculations.

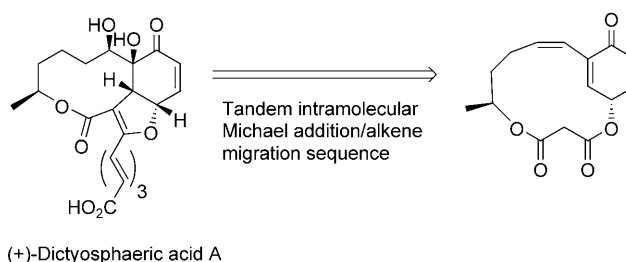


## Natural Product Synthesis

A. R. Burns, G. D. McAllister,  
S. E. Shanahan,  
R. J. K. Taylor\* 5574–5577



Total Synthesis and Structural Reassignment of (+)-Dictyosphaeric Acid A: A Tandem Intramolecular Michael Addition/Alkene Migration Approach



**The acid test?** The synthetic route to the title compound features a *Z*-selective ring-closing metathesis reaction and an *E*-selective tandem intramolecular Michael

addition/alkene migration sequence as the key transformations. The stereochemical configuration of the product was reassigned based on NMR studies.



Supporting information is available on [www.angewandte.org](http://www.angewandte.org) (see article for access details).



A video clip is available as Supporting Information on [www.angewandte.org](http://www.angewandte.org) (see article for access details).

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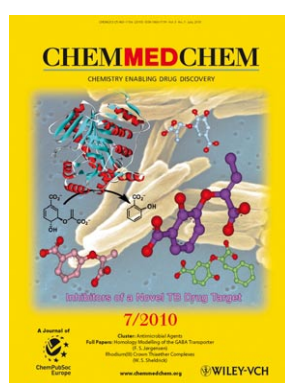
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Preview \_\_\_\_\_ 5581

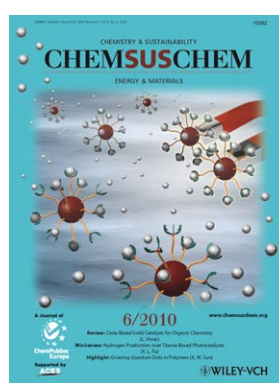
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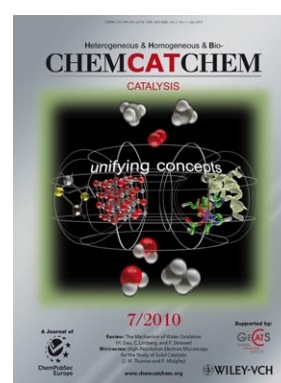
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